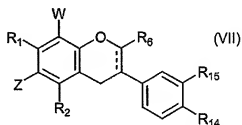
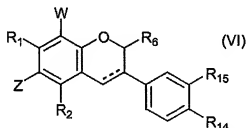


AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

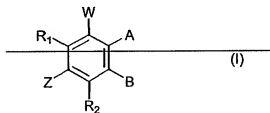
This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

1. (Currently amended) A method of increasing the sensitivity of cancer cells or a tumour to a chemotherapeutic agent by contacting said cells or tumour with an isoflavonoid compound of formula (VI) or (VII):



(I):



~~in which wherein~~

R₁, R₂ and Z are independently hydrogen, hydroxy, OR₉, OC(O)R₁₀, OS(O)R₁₀, CHO, C(O)R₁₀, COOH, CO₂R₁₀, CONR₃R₄, alkyl, haloalkyl, arylalkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, alkylaryl, alkoxyaryl, thio, alkylthio, amino, alkylamino, dialkylamino, nitro or halo, or

R₂ is as previously defined, and R₁ and Z taken together with the carbon atoms to which they are attached form a five-membered ring selected from



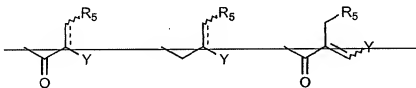
, or

R₁ is as previously defined, and R₂ and Z taken together with the carbon atoms to which they are attached form a five-membered ring selected from



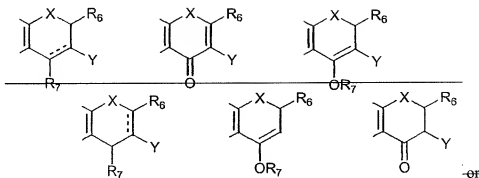
and

W is R₁, A is hydrogen, hydroxy, NR₂, R₄ or thio, and B is selected from

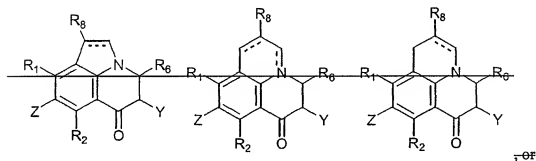


or

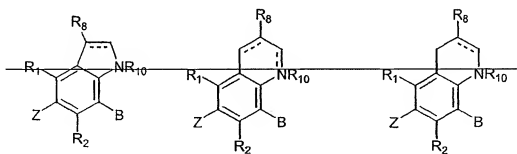
W is R₁, and A and B taken together with the carbon atoms to which they are attached form a six-membered ring selected from



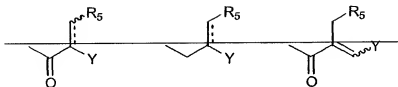
W, A and B taken together with the groups to which they are associated are selected from



W and A taken together with the groups to which they are associated are selected from



and B is selected from



wherein

R_3 is hydrogen, alkyl, arylalkyl, alkenyl, aryl, an amino acid, $C(O)R_{11}$ where R_{11} is hydrogen, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl or an amino acid, or CO_2R_{12} where R_{12} is hydrogen, alkyl, haloalkyl, aryl or arylalkyl,

R_4 is hydrogen, alkyl or aryl, or

R_3 and R_4 taken together with the nitrogen to which they are attached comprise pyrrolidinyl or piperidinyl,

~~R_5 is hydrogen, $C(O)R_{11}$ where R_{11} is as previously defined, or CO_2R_{12} where R_{12} is as previously defined,~~

R_6 is hydrogen, hydroxy, alkyl, aryl, amino, thio, NR_3R_4 , COR_{11} where R_{11} is as previously defined, CO_2R_{12} where R_{12} is as previously defined or $CONR_3R_4$,

~~R_7 is hydrogen, $C(O)R_{11}$ where R_{11} is as previously defined, alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, aryl, arylalkyl or $Si(R_{13})_3$ where each R_{13} is independently hydrogen, alkyl or aryl,~~

R_8 is hydrogen, hydroxy, alkoxy or alkyl,

R_9 is alkyl, haloalkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, $C(O)R_{11}$ where R_{11} is as previously defined, or $Si(R_{13})_3$ where R_{13} is as previously defined where each R_{13} is independently hydrogen, alkyl or aryl,

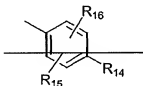
R₁₀ is hydrogen, alkyl, haloalkyl, amino, aryl, arylalkyl, an amino acid, alkylamino or dialkylamino,

the drawing “---” represents either a single bond or a double bond,

T is independently hydrogen, alkyl or aryl,

X is O, NR₄ or S, and

Y is



wherein

R₁₄, and R₁₅ ~~and~~ R₁₆ are independently hydrogen, hydroxy, OR₉, OC(O)R₁₀, OS(O)R₁₀, CHO, C(O)R₁₀, COOH, CO₂R₁₀, CONR₃R₄, alkyl, haloalkyl, arylalkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, thio, alkylthio, amino, alkylamino, dialkylamino, nitro or halo, or ~~any two of~~ R₁₄, and R₁₅ ~~and~~ R₁₆ are fused together to form a cyclic alkyl, aromatic or heteroaromatic structure,

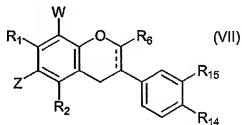
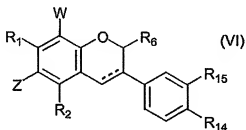
and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, and

wherein the chemotherapeutic agent is platinum-based or anti-mitotic agent.

2. (Currently amended) A method of claim 1, wherein prior to the contacting, the sensitivity of the cancer cells or tumour were/was not sensitive to the chemotherapeutic agent is restored.

3. (Currently amended) A method of claim 1, wherein the compound of formula [(I)](VI) or (VII) is administered to a subject in need of such treatment.

4. (Currently amended) A combination therapy for the treatment or prophylaxis of cell proliferation, cancer or a disease associated with oxidant stress comprising administering to a subject a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of formula [(I)](VI) or (VII) as ~~defined in claim 1~~ and a chemotherapeutic agent;



wherein

R₁, R₂ and Z are independently hydrogen, hydroxy, OR₉, OC(O)R₁₀, OS(O)R₁₀, CHO, C(O)R₁₀, COOH, CO₂R₁₀, CONR₃R₄, alkyl, haloalkyl, arylalkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, alkylaryl, alkoxyaryl, thio, alkylthio, amino, alkylamino, dialkylamino, nitro or halo, or R₂ is as previously defined, and R₁ and Z taken together with the carbon atoms to which they are attached form a five-membered ring selected from



, or

R₁ is as previously defined, and R₂ and Z taken together with the carbon atoms to which they are attached form a five-membered ring selected from



W is R₁,

R₃ is hydrogen, alkyl, arylalkyl, alkenyl, aryl, an amino acid, C(O)R₁₁ where R₁₁ is hydrogen, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl or an amino acid, or CO₂R₁₂ where R₁₂ is hydrogen, alkyl, haloalkyl, aryl or arylalkyl,

R₄ is hydrogen, alkyl or aryl, or

R₃ and R₄ taken together with the nitrogen to which they are attached comprise pyrrolidinyl or piperidinyl,

R₆ is hydrogen, hydroxy, alkyl, aryl, amino, thio, NR₃R₄, COR₁₁ where R₁₁ is as previously defined, CO₂R₁₂ where R₁₂ is as previously defined or CONR₃R₄,

R₉ is alkyl, haloalkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, C(O)R₁₁ where R₁₁ is as previously defined, or Si(R₁₃)₃ where R₁₃ where each R₁₃ is independently hydrogen, alkyl or aryl,

R₁₀ is hydrogen, alkyl, haloalkyl, amino, aryl, arylalkyl, an amino acid, alkylamino or dialkylamino,

the drawing “---” represents either a single bond or a double bond,

T is independently hydrogen, alkyl or aryl,

R₁₄, and R₁₅ are independently hydrogen, hydroxy, OR₉, OC(O)R₁₀, OS(O)R₁₀, CHO, C(O)R₁₀, COOH, CO₂R₁₀, CONR₃R₄, alkyl, haloalkyl, arylalkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, thio, alkylthio, amino, alkylamino, dialkylamino, nitro or halo, or R₁₄ and R₁₅ are fused together to form a cyclic alkyl, aromatic or heteroaromatic structure,

and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, and

wherein the chemotherapeutic agent is platinum-based or anti-mitotic agent.

5. (Canceled).

6. (Previously Presented) A method of claim 4, wherein the cancer is selected from breast cancer, prostatic cancer, testicular cancer, ovarian cancer, uterine cancer, pancreatic cancer and colorectal cancer.

7. (Original) A method claim 6, wherein the cancer is selected from ovarian cancer, prostatic cancer and pancreatic cancer.

8. (Currently amended) A method of claim 4, wherein the administration of the compound of formula [(I)](VI) or (VII) precedes the administration of the chemotherapeutic agent.

9. (Currently amended) A method of claim 4, wherein the administration of the compound of formula [(I)](VI) or (VII) and the chemotherapeutic agent is simultaneous.

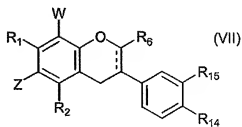
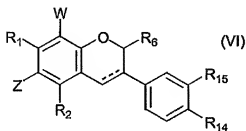
10. (Previously Presented) A method claim 4, wherein the combination therapy follows observed resistance by cancer cells or tumour to a chemotherapeutic agent.

11.-12. (Canceled).

13. (Previously Presented) A method of claim 4, wherein the chemotherapeutic agent is cisplatin, paclitaxel or carboplatin.

14.-22. (Canceled).

23. (Currently amended) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of formula [(I)](VI) or (VII) ~~of claim 1~~ and a chemotherapeutic agent;



wherein

R₁, R₂ and Z are independently hydrogen, hydroxy, OR₉, OC(O)R₁₀, OS(O)R₁₀, CHO, C(O)R₁₀, COOH, CO₂R₁₀, CONR₃R₄, alkyl, haloalkyl, arylalkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, alkylaryl, alkoxyaryl, thio, alkylthio, amino, alkylamino, dialkylamino, nitro or halo, or R₂ is as previously defined, and R₁ and Z taken together with the carbon atoms to which they are attached form a five-membered ring selected from



, or

R₁ is as previously defined, and R₂ and Z taken together with the carbon atoms to which they are attached form a five-membered ring selected from



W is R₁,

R₃ is hydrogen, alkyl, arylalkyl, alkenyl, aryl, an amino acid, C(O)R₁₁ where R₁₁ is hydrogen, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl or an amino acid, or CO₂R₁₂ where R₁₂ is hydrogen, alkyl, haloalkyl, aryl or arylalkyl,

R₄ is hydrogen, alkyl or aryl, or

R₃ and R₄ taken together with the nitrogen to which they are attached comprise pyrrolidinyl or piperidinyl,

R₆ is hydrogen, hydroxy, alkyl, aryl, amino, thio, NR₃R₄, COR₁₁, where R₁₁ is as previously defined, CO₂R₁₂ where R₁₂ is as previously defined or CONR₃R₄,

R₉ is alkyl, haloalkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, C(O)R₁₁, where R₁₁ is as previously defined, or Si(R₁₃)₃ where R₁₃ where each R₁₃ is independently hydrogen, alkyl or aryl,

R₁₀ is hydrogen, alkyl, haloalkyl, amino, aryl, arylalkyl, an amino acid, alkylamino or dialkylamino,

the drawing “---” represents either a single bond or a double bond,

T is independently hydrogen, alkyl or aryl,

R₁₄, and R₁₅ are independently hydrogen, hydroxy, OR₉, OC(O)R₁₀, OS(O)R₁₀, CHO, C(O)R₁₀,

COOH, CO₂R₁₀, CONR₃R₄, alkyl, haloalkyl, arylalkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl,

thio, alkylthio, amino, alkylamino, dialkylamino, nitro or halo, or R₁₄ and R₁₅ are fused

together to form a cyclic alkyl, aromatic or heteroaromatic structure,

and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, and

wherein the chemotherapeutic agent is platinum-based or anti-mitotic agent.

24. (Previously Presented): The pharmaceutical composition of claim 23, wherein said chemotherapeutic agent is cisplatin, paclitaxel or carboplatin.

25. (Canceled).

26. (New): The method of claim 1, wherein the cancer cells and tumour are/is hormone-responsive.

27. (New): The method of claim 1, wherein the cancer is selected from breast cancer, prostatic cancer, testicular cancer, ovarian cancer, uterine cancer, pancreatic cancer and colorectal cancer.

28. (New): The method of claim 1, wherein the cancer cells and tumour are/is from ovarian, prostate or pancreatic cancer.